COURSE TITLE	INTRODUCTION TO THE MYSTERY OF CHRIST AND THE HISTORY OF SALVATION										
Code	KBF: 101 ISVU: 82131		Year of	fstudy		I					
Course teacher/s	Associate professor Anđelko Domazet, Ph.D. Credit (ECTS)						3				
Assistants			(numbe	Type of instruction (number of hours per semester)		L 30	S	E	F		
Course status	Core course		learnin	itage of ogenication		20%					
COURSE DESCRIPTION											
Course goals	Provide a holistic view of the study of theology Understand the structure, layout and meaning of theological study Shed light on the interrelationship of theology, philosophy and religion Adopt the key concepts and contents of the Christian faith										
Course enrollment requirements and core competencies											
Expected learning outcomes at the course level (4-10 learning outcomes)	 Having successfully completed the course a student should be able to: Interpret the subject and understand interrelated theological disciplines. Analyse basic theological concepts (the mystery of Christ, the history of salvation, human being, freedom, transcedence, analogy). Evaluate possible philosophical and religious paths to God. Understand the uniqueness and universality of God's revelation in Jesus Christ. Reflect on God and comprehend human endeavour and the need for salvation. 										
Detailed course content (weekly class schedule)	Introduction to theology (2). Interpretation of basic concepts: the mystery of Christ, the History of salvation, theology, human being, freedom, analogy (6). Human as transcedent essence: analysis of innate quest for meaning, love, life, truth (2). Possible paths to God from an outside world (2). Colloquium Issue of human sinfulness and the need for salvation (4). God's Revelation in the Holy Scripture (2). Concetration of Revelation in Jesus Christ: messianic expectations, embodiment, Paschal mystery (4). Certain relevant points in understanding of the Church. Theology as science on faith: its scientific, ecclesiastic and spiritual nature.										
Format of course instruction::	☑ lectures ☐ individent ☐ seminars and workshops ☐ multir ☐ exercises ☐ labora ☐ on line entirely ☐ ment ☐ combined e-learning ☐ (other ☐ field instruction				vidual tas timedia oratory otorship w er)	ual tasks edia ory ship work					
Student obligations	Regular class attendance and active participation.										
Screening student work (specify portion in ECTS credits per each	Class attendance 1,0		Research			Pract traini					
	Experimental work	Pap			0,5	(Othe					
activity so that total number of ECTS	Essay		Semina essay			(Othe	er)				
credits corresponds	Mid-term exams	0,5	0,5 Oral ex		1,5	(Othe	er)				

to the ECTS credit value of the course)	Written exam		Project		(Other)					
Grading and evaluation of student work in class and at the final exam	Colloquium - 20% Paper - 20% Final exam - 60% The numerical scale of student work evaluation is based on 100 points: - Sufficient (2): 50-64 points - Good (3): 45-79 points - Very good (4): 80-89 points - Excellent (5): 90 and more points How to earn points: a) Teaching activities - 40% of the grade During the classes, the activity of students in discussions and presentations is monitored; presentation of papers is a maximum of 20 points; the colloquium brings a maximum of 20 points; b) Final exam - 60% of the grade The final exam is oral and for the pass it is necessary to answer 50% correctly questions asked, i.e., to win at least 30 of the maximum 60 points.									
Obligatory literature (available in the library or via other media)	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
	B. Duda, <i>Kratak pi</i> spasenja, in: S. Ki Bogočovjeki Spas	1								
	Mark J. Zia, The F Catholic Theology Steubenville, 2013									
	F. Varone, Nevolje ateizam i vjera: tri 1988., pp. 1-118.	3								
	J. Ratzinger, <i>Uvoc</i> pp. 556, 77-184,	l u kršćanst	5							
Supplementary literature	Encyclopedic theological dictionary, Kršćanska sadašnjost, Zagreb, 2009 (assigned key theological terms) H. Küng, <i>Biti kršćanin</i> , Konzor Zagreb - Synopsis Sarajevo, 2002., pp. 21-143. James G. Sire, A Worldview Challenge, Stepress, Zagreb, 2001. (assigned chapter); G. O'Collins - M. Farrugia, <i>Catholicism: the story of Catholic Christianity</i> , Oxford University Press, New York, 2003									
Quality assurance methods aimed at ensuring the acquisition of defined learning outcomes	Records of attendance at lectures, colloquium, paper, oral exam (teacher); Supervision of teaching performance (vice dean for teaching); Student survey on the quality of teachers and teaching for each subject of study (UNIST, Center for the Advancement of Teaching);									
Other (according to the opinion of education provider)										