

COURSE TITLE		HISTORY OF MODERN AND CONTEMPORARY PHILOSOPHY				
Code	KBT:121 ISVU: 82558	Year of study	I			
Course teacher/s	Full professor Josip Mužić, Ph.D.	Credit (ECTS)	5			
Assistants		Type of instruction (number of hours per semester)	L	S	E	F
			60			
Course status	Core course	Percentage of e-learning implementation				
COURSE DESCRIPTION						
Course goals	Familiarise students with the basic philosophical courses and the most important names from Humanism until the end of 20th century.					
Course enrollment requirements and core competencies	Basic knowledge of the ancient and medieval philosophical thought.					
Expected learning outcomes at the course level (4-10 learning outcomes)	<p>Having successfully completed the course a student should be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Describe and explain the development of philosophical thinking from Humanism until the end of XXth century.</li> <li>2. Master appropriate philosophical terminology.</li> <li>3. Synthesize various philosophical standpoints of modern and contemporary philosophy and indicate at their implementation.</li> <li>4. Comprehensive reading and interpretation of philosophical texts from the afore mentioned period.</li> </ol>					
Detailed course content (weekly class schedule)	<p>Course orientation - introduction (2).  Rationalism: R. Descartes (2).  B. de Spinoza; G. W. Leibniz (2).  B. Pascal (2).  Empirism: F. Bacon; Th. Hobbes; J. Locke; G. Berkeley; D. Hume (2).  The Age of Enlightenment in general; Jean-Jacques Rousseau (2).  Philosophical opponent of the Enlightenment: G. Vico, Joseph de Maistre, François de Chateaubriand (2).  Classical idealism in general; I. Kant (2).  J. G. Fichte; F. W. J. Schelling (2).  G. W. F. Hegel (2).  Another philosophical standpoint: Antonio Rosmini; A. Schopenhauer (2).  J. H. Newman; Vladimir Solovjev (2).  Marxizm (2).  Thomism: Joseph Marechal; Etienne Gilson (2).  Erich Przywara; Jacques Maritain (2).  Positivism: Auguste Comte; John Stuart Mill (2).  B. Russell; L. Wittgenstein; K. R. Popper (2).  Phenomenology: E. Husserl (2).  M. Scheler, E. Stein (2).  Philosophy of life: Friedrich Nietzsche (2).  H. Bergson (2).  M. Blondel (2).  Existentialism: Sořren Kierkegaard (2).  K. Jaspers; M. Heidegger (2).  J. P. Sartre; G. Marcel (2).  Personalism: F. Ebner; E. Mounier; L. Šestov (2).  N. Berdjajev; R. Guardini (2).  Postmodernism (2). The last class is dedicated to the closing discussion on treated themes.</p>					
Format of course instruction:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> lectures		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> discussions			
Student obligations	Regular class attendance and active participation.					

Screening student work (specify portion in ECTS credits per each activity so that total number of ECTS credits corresponds to the ECTS credit value of the course)	Class attendance	2,0	Research		Practical training	
	Experimental work		Written representation		(Other)	
	Essay		Seminar essay		(Other)	
	Mid-term exams	2,0	Oral exam		(Other)	
	Written exam	1,0	Project		(Other)	
Grading and evaluation of student work in class and at the final exam	Active participation during lectures. Mid-term exams and written exam.					
Obligatory literature (available in the library or via other media)	<b>Title</b>			<b>Number of copies in the library</b>	<b>Availability via other media</b>	
	W. Windelband, <i>Povijest filozofije</i> , Naprijed, Zagreb 1990., str. 39-201.			7		
	F. Franić, <i>Povijest filozofije</i> , CuS, Split 2001. str. 357-531.			11		
	J. W. Sire, <i>Izazov svjetonazora</i> , STEPress, Zagreb, 2002., str. 16-246.					
Supplementary literature	<p>A. Cruz Prados, <i>ISVUtoria de la filosofia contemporanea</i>, EUNSA, Pamplona, 1991., str. 216.</p> <p>V. Sanz Santacruz, <i>Historia de la filosofia moderna</i>, EUNSA, Pamplona, 1991., str. 529.</p> <p>N. Venturini, <i>Educare alla filosofia. Problemi e soluzioni nella storia</i>, II, EDB, Bologna, 1994., str. 357.</p> <p>N. Venturini, <i>Educare alla filosofia. Problemi e soluzioni nella storia</i>, III, EDB, Bologna, 1994., str. 511.</p>					
Quality assurance methods aimed at ensuring the acquisition of defined learning outcomes	Anonymous questionnaire at the end of the semester, consultations and a possibility for students' peer-evaluation on the quality of the treated matter.					
Other (according to the opinion of education provider)						